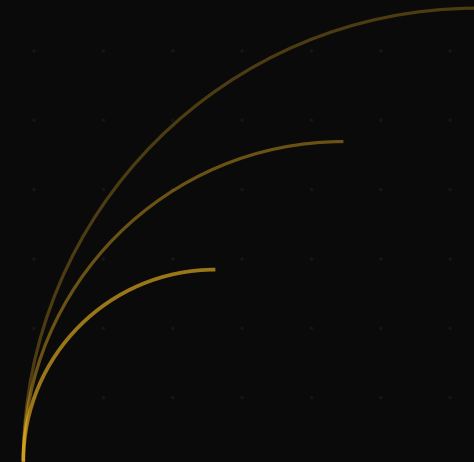


INFRASTRUCTURE, SECURITY, AND IT LEADERS

How to evaluate a cloud migration vendor

Cloud migration evaluation: network design, licence repatriation, egress costs, performance testing, and the security baseline that must come before workloads move.



Cloud migrations go wrong in the places proposals skim over: network architecture, licensing that doesn't transfer, and ongoing costs - egress and compute - that aren't in the implementation quote at all.

WHAT'S INSIDE

5 steps in this guide

- 01 Network design is frequently under-scoped
- 02 Licence repatriation can add 20-40% to TCO
- 03 Egress and compute are ongoing costs the quote ignores
- 04 Performance must be tested in the target environment
- 05 Establish the security baseline first

01**Network design is frequently under-scoped**

VPCs, subnets, transit gateways, firewall rules, and peering are routinely underscoped in migration proposals - and network design errors cause security incidents and performance failures at go-live. Require a network architecture deliverable, not an assumption.

02**Licence repatriation can add 20-40% to TCO**

On-premises licences (Windows Server, SQL Server, Oracle DB) cannot always be used in the cloud. Licence repatriation analysis must be completed before the architecture is finalised - cloud licensing can add 20-40% to total cost of ownership if it's discovered late.

03**Egress and compute are ongoing costs the quote ignores**

Cloud egress (data transferred out) and compute costs are significant, poorly understood, and excluded from implementation proposals. High-egress workloads can make cloud more expensive than on-premises. Model these against real workload patterns before committing.

04**Performance must be tested in the target environment**

Application performance in the cloud depends on network latency, data-transfer costs, and resource sizing that can only be validated through load testing in the target environment. Most migration proposals exclude performance testing - put it back in scope.

05

Establish the security baseline first

Identity and access management, secrets management, encryption, logging, and threat detection must be established before workloads migrate, not after. A migration onto an unhardened landing zone is a breach waiting to happen.

PUT THIS TO WORK

Walk into every evaluation with the vendor's own playbook.

- A vendor-proof scope, issued before any proposal
- Gap analysis scoring every proposal against your scope
- A risk-weighted interrogation kit for the vendor meeting
- Scope-drift detection across proposal versions

Start free at benchsideai.com

Your first project is free. No card required.

